OXIDATION OF ALLIOGENIN AND β -CHLOROGENIN WITH N-BROMOSUCCINIMIDE

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It is known that some 6-oxosteroids inhibit the molting and metamorphosis of insects [1] and are also effective chemosterilants for them [2]. From the readily accessible steroid 6-hydroxysapogenins alliogenin (I) [3] and β -chlorogenin (II) [4] we have obtained their 6-oxo analogs.

The oxidation of alliogenin (I) with bromosuccinimide in aqueous dioxane [5] gave the oxo compound (III), $C_{27}H_{42}O_6$, with mp 273-275°C, $[\alpha]_D^{20}-93.9^\circ$ (c 1.32; pyridine). The nature of the optical rotatory dispersion curve with a negative Cotton effect (c 0.06; methanol; $[M]_{321}-6570^\circ$, $[M]_{283}+2820^\circ$) shows [6] that the compound formed (III) was $2\alpha,3\beta,5\alpha$ -trihydroxy-(25R)- 5α -spirostan-6-one. The acetylation of (III) under the usual conditions gave the diacetate (IV), $C_{31}H_{46}O_8$, mp 303-305°C, $[\alpha]_D^{20}-145.0^\circ$ (c 1.71; chloroform). With thionyl chloride in pyridine, substance (IV) formed a spirost-4-ene (VI), $C_{31}H_{44}O_7$, with mp 233-235°C, $[\alpha]_D^{20}-169.4^\circ$ (c 1.57; chloroform), $\lambda \frac{C_2H_5OH}{max}$ 235 nm (log ϵ 3.94).

 β -Chlorogenin (II) was also oxidized by N-bromosuccinimide in aqueous dioxane; the previously known sapogenin laxogenin (V) [7] was isolated with mp 211-214°C, $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ =81.9° (c 1.22; chloroform).

The insecticidal action of these compounds will be described later.

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